

and records, and send for persons whom they may judge necessary, in the course of their inquiries, concerning affairs relating to the public interest, and may direct all office bonds, which shall be made payable to the State, to be sued for any breach thereof.

Sec. 21. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days at any one time, nor to any other place than that in which the House shall be sitting, without the concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members present.

Sec. 22. The House of Delegates shall have the sole power of impeachment in all cases, but a majority of all the members elected must concur in the impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and when sitting for that purpose, the Senators shall be on oath or affirmation to do justice according to the law and the evidence, but no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the Senators elected.

Sec. 23. Any bill may originate in either House of the General Assembly, and be altered, amended or rejected by the other; but no bill shall originate in either House during the last ten days of the session, nor shall any bill become a law until it be read on three different days of the session in each House, nor shall the rules be suspended in either of the above provisions, unless two-thirds of the members elected in the House, where such bill is pending shall so determine by yeas and nays.

Sec. 24. No bill shall become a law, unless it be passed in each House by a majority of the whole number of members elected, and on its final passage, the yeas and nays be recorded; nor shall any resolution requiring the action of both Houses be passed except in the same manner.

Sec. 25. The style of all laws of this State, shall be "Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland," and all laws shall be passed by original bill; and every law enacted by the General Assembly shall embrace but one subject, and that shall be described in its title; and no law nor section of a law shall be received or amended by reference to its title or section only; and it shall be the duty of the General Assembly in amending any article, or section of the Code of Laws of this State, to enact the same as the said article or section would read when amended; and whenever the General Assembly shall enact any Public General Law, not amendatory of any section or article in the said Code, it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to enact the same in articles and sections in the same manner as the Code is ar-